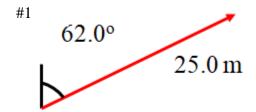
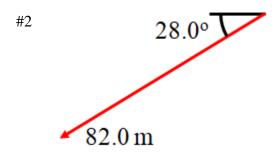
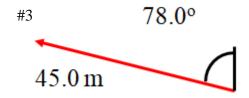
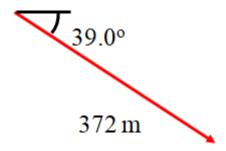
${f B}$ . Find these Vector Components and write each vector as a proper component vector:



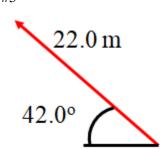


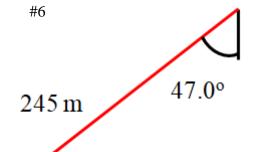


#4



#5





-179 m x + -167 m y:9# -16.3 m x + 14.7 m y#2: #4: 289 m x + -234 m y

 ${f C}$ . Add these component vectors:

A: $12 \text{ m x} + 34 \text{ m y}$	A: $1.20 \text{ m x} + 3.10 \text{ m y}$		
B: $16 \text{ m x} + 9.0 \text{ m y}$	B: $-5.30 \text{ m x} + 1.30 \text{ m y}$		
A+ B:	A+ B:		
#a 28 m x + 43 m y	-4.1 m x + 4.4 m y		
A: $3.60 \text{ m x} + -5.60 \text{ m y}$	A: $12.6 \text{ m x} + 58.1 \text{ m y}$		
B: $12.5 \text{ m x} + 8.10 \text{ m y}$	B: $16.5 \text{ m x} + -96.0 \text{ m y}$		
A+ B:	A+ B:		
#c	#d		
16.1  m x + 2.50  m y	29.1 m x + -37.9 m y		

**D**. Draw these vectors as Angle Magnitude vectors. The vector should be an arrow, and calculate and label its magnitude (hypotenuse) and the angle:

1) 
$$6.00 \text{ m x} + 8.00 \text{ m y}$$

2) 
$$-4.50 \text{ m x} + 6.40 \text{ m y}$$

3) 
$$-5.12 \text{ m x} + -3.90 \text{ m y}$$

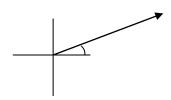
1) 10.0 m right and up 53.1° above the x axis, 2) 7.82 m left and up at 54.9° above the x axis 3) 6.44 m left and down 37.3° below the x axis, 4) 67.4 m right and down 33.3° below the x axis

# **E1**: Adding two Angle Magnitude Vectors (Just like the test...)

#### Find the Components of these two vectors:

Carry three decimal places in your calculations.

Mag. =  $12.0 \text{ m}, \ \theta = 21.0^{\circ}$ 



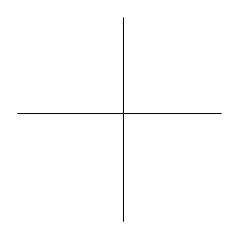
- 1 = \_\_\_\_\_y
- 2 = x + y

Mag. =  $8.00 \text{ m}, \ \theta = 17.0^{\circ}$ 



Add the Two Vectors:  $1+2 = \underline{\qquad \qquad } x + \underline{\qquad \qquad } y$ 

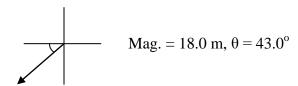
Draw a picture of the resultant vector with its tail on the origin, find its magnitude, and label an angle indicating its direction:

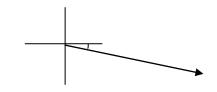


# E2: Adding two Angle Magnitude Vectors

#### Find the Components of these two vectors:

Carry three decimal places in your calculations.

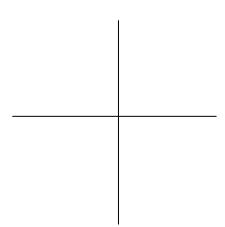




Mag. = 
$$42.0 \text{ m}, \theta = 12^{\circ}$$

Add the Two Vectors: 
$$1+2 = \underline{\qquad \qquad } x + \underline{\qquad \qquad } y$$

Draw a picture of the resultant vector with its tail on the origin, find its magnitude, and label an angle indicating its direction:



mag	angle	x	У	
18	223	-13.164	-12.276	
42	348	41.082	-8.732	
		27.918	-21.008	
		mag	34.9	m
		anglex	-37.0	0

34.9 m, right and down at 37° below the x axis