Name\_\_\_\_\_\_ Show your work, and circle your answers and use sig figs to receive full credit.

$$E = \frac{F}{q}$$
  $g = \frac{F}{m}$   $F = ma$ 

1. What is the gravitational force on a 3.40 kg mass in a gravitational field with a strength of 9.81 N/kg?

2. A -140. µC charge experiences a force of 1.50 N to the right. What is the magnitude and direction of the electric field?

3. A 3.20 kg mass on the moon experiences a force of 5.15 N. What is the gravitational field strength on the moon?

4. A 72,100 N/C electrical field to the right exerts what force on a proton? (Force and direction)

5. A proton accelerates North at  $9.58 \times 10^8$  m/s/s. What is the magnitude and direction of the electric field?

6. An electron is in a 317 N/C electric field to the West. What is the magnitude and direction of its acceleration?

$$g = \frac{GM}{r^2}$$
  $E = \frac{kq}{r^2}$  ( $\leftarrow$  not in data packet - memorize this!!!!)

7. What is the electrical field 82.0 cm to the right of a -2.10 µC charge? (Magnitude and direction)

8. Where is the electrical field  $1.25 \times 10^4$  N/C straight up in the proximity of a 13.0  $\mu$ C charge. (Location and distance)

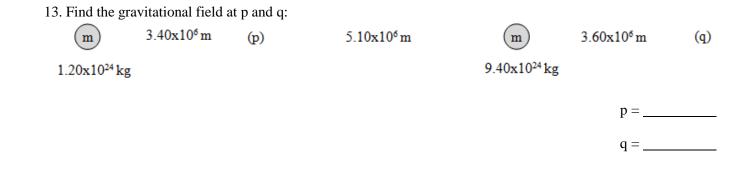
9. I am 2.15 m to the left of an unknown charge, and there is an electric field of  $1.65 \times 10^5$  N/C to the right. What is the magnitude and polarity of the charge? (How many C, and is it + or -)

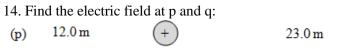
10a. What is the gravitational field on the surface of a planet with a mass of  $1.60 \times 10^{23}$  kg, and a radius of  $1.85 \times 10^{6}$  m?

10b. What is the gravitational field 3.50 m to the left of a (very dense) mass of  $6.40 \times 10^{12}$  kg? (Magnitude and direction)

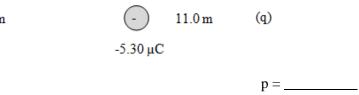
11. Where in the proximity of a 5.00 kg shot put is the gravitational field  $2.08 \times 10^{-11}$  N/kg to the right? (Location and distance)

12. I am 15.0 m to the right of an unknown mass and there is a gravitational field of 2.16 N/kg due to the mass. Which direction is the field, and what is the mass?



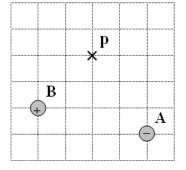


+4.50 μC



q = \_\_\_\_\_

15. Find the electric field at point p. Draw the electric field vector, and label its magnitude and direction. Charge A is  $-3.20 \ \mu$ C, B is  $+2.40 \ \mu$ C, and each grid line is a meter.



16. Find the gravitational field at point p. Draw the gravitational field vector, and label its magnitude and direction. Mass A is  $2.50 \times 10^{12}$  kg, B is  $5.10 \times 10^{12}$  kg, and each grid line is a meter.

