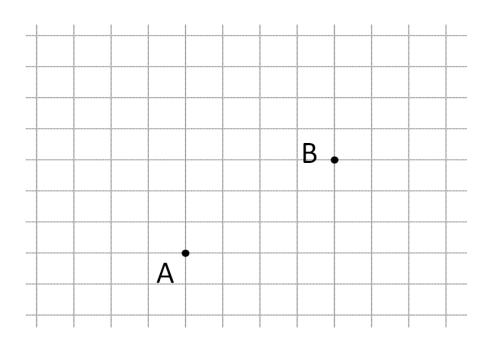
Make a guess, then watch the video:

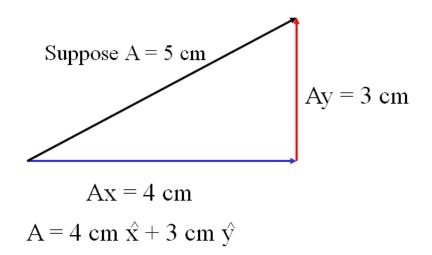
Come up with a <u>precise</u> set of directions for getting from Point A to Point B Each square represents 1 m of distance



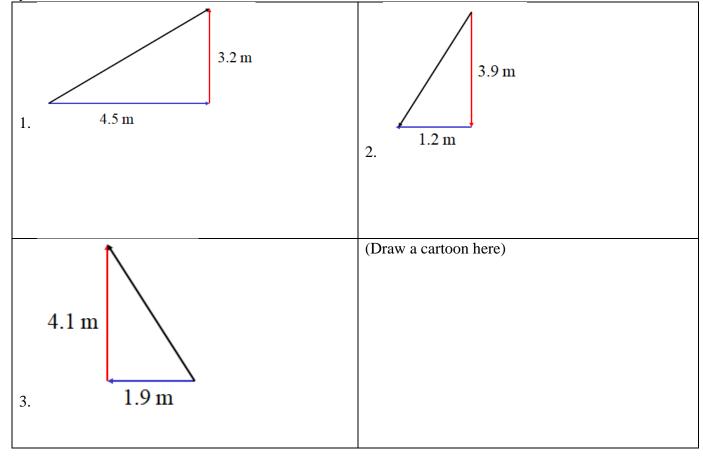
Write these directions:

Vector Component:

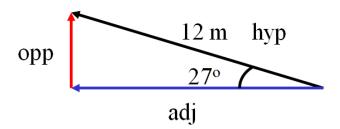
Angle Magnitude:

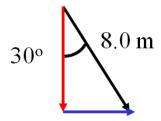


Try to write these AM vectors as Component Vectors. Decide which side is x and which is y, which are negative, which are positive. Write it like I showed you in the previous part. Watch the videos to check your answers.

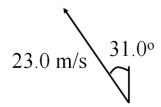


Finding the lengths of the sides (Get your calculator out and calculate the things I do)





Try this one yourself:



- 1. Draw the Components
- 2. Figure the components with sin and cos
- 3. Write the answer in VC Notation

Step 1 – Draw Tail to tip Use Arrows

Step 2 – Find the lengths: $adj = hyp Cos\theta$ $opp = hyp Sin\theta$

Step 3
Decide x and y, + and -

Step 4 Write the vector down

Name

2.3 m x + 3.4 m yA:

7.4 m x + 1.2 m y

A+B = 9.7 m x + 4.6 m y

Try these example problems. Don't freak out if you can't immediately get the answer. We will work on these as a group in class. They are solved in the linked videos that follow the main one

A = 4.5 m x + 3.2 m yA = 4.5 m x + 3.2 m yB = -1.2 m x + -3.9 m yB = -1.2 m x + -3.9 m yC = -1.9 m x + 4.1 m yC = -1.9 m x + 4.1 m y

1. Find A + C2. Find C + B3.1 m x + 0.2 m y)2.6 m x + 7.3 m y

A = 4.5 m x + 3.2 m yB = -1.2 m x + -3.9 m yC = -1.9 m x + 4.1 m yFind A - B

C = -1.9 m x + 4.1 m y4. Find C - A -6.4 m x + 0.9 m y[5.7 m x + 7.1 m y)

A = 4.5 m x + 3.2 m y

B = -1.2 m x + -3.9 m y

Write down step by step directions:

Given this VC Vector: 5.10 m x + -1.70 m y Draw the AM vector

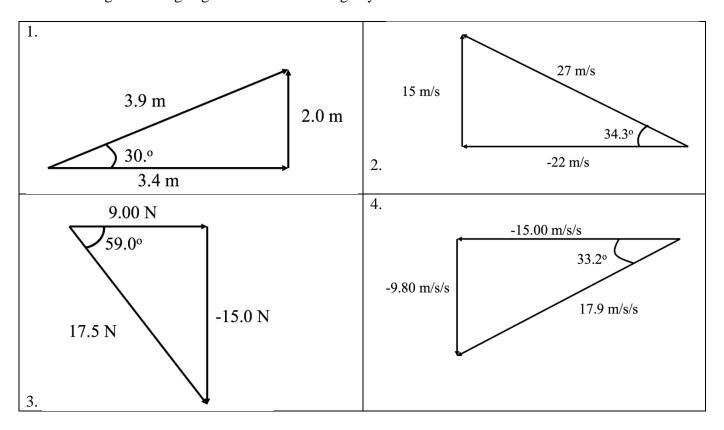
Try these example problems. Don't freak out if you can't immediately get the answer. We will work on these as a group in class. They are solved in the linked videos that follow the main one. Answers to these are on the back of this sheet. Be sure you can make the drawings correctly with the arrows in the right direction.

1. Draw this vector, and find its magnitude and the	2. Draw this vector, and find its magnitude and the
angle it forms with the x-axis:	angle it forms with the x-axis:

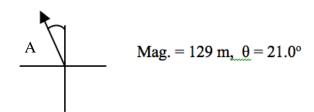
$$3.4 \text{ m x} + 2.0 \text{ m y}$$
 $-22 \text{ m/s x} + 15 \text{ m/s y}$

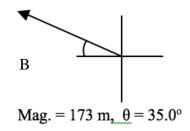
$$9.00 \text{ N x} + -15.0 \text{ N y}$$
 $15.00 \text{ m/s/s x} + -9.80 \text{ m/s/s y}$

Answers to whiteboards – be sure you have drawn the arrows the right way. Don't worry if the videos do something with a trig angle – that is not a thing anymore



Write down the steps for this:





Noteguide for Cliff Problems - Videos 3F	Name
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Red Elk runs off a 3.8 m tall cliff with a horizontal velocity of 4.2 m/s, and does a faceplant in a snow drift.

- a. What time is he in the air?
- b. How far out does he land?
- c. What is his velocity of impact with the snow drift?

Noteguide for	Cliff Problems	- 1	Videos	3G
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Name____

Red Elk throws a ball with a purely horizontal velocity from the roof of a building that is 21 m tall. The ball lands 17 m from the base of the building.

- a) What time is the ball in the air?
- b) What is the velocity of impact in terms of an angle and a magnitude?

H	V
S	S
u	u
V	V
a	a
t	t

c) What is the velocity and position of the ball at exactly 1.1 seconds f release?	rom its
	C
d) What is the velocity and position of the ball at an elevation of 10.0 the ground?	n from

Noteguide for Arc Problems - Vid	leos 3H Name	

Red Elk hits a golf ball at a speed of 41.3 m/s at an angle of 78.2° above the horizontal. Assume that the ground is level, and ignore air friction.

- a) What time is the ball in the air?
- b) What is the horizontal distance that the ball goes before striking the ground?
- c) What is the speed at the highest point on the ball's trajectory, and what is the greatest height?

d) What is the velocity and position of the ball at exactly 5.00 seconds from its launch?
e) What is the velocity and position of the ball at an elevation of 60.0 m from
the ground on the way down?

$$Range = \frac{v^2}{g}\sin(2\theta)$$

$$V = 32.1 \ m/s$$



Solve for θ :

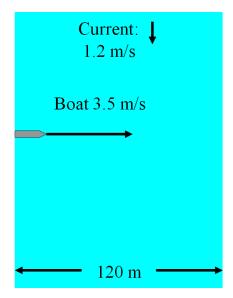
How to find angle to hit 90.0 m:

How to find angle hit 200. m:

Example 1- Pointed Straight Across

Find:

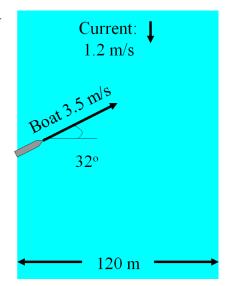
- •Time to cross
- •Where it lands
- •Vel as seen from above



Example 2- Pointed at Arbitrary Angle

Find:

- •Time to cross
- •Where it lands
- •Vel as seen from above



Example 3- Going straight Across

Find:

- •Time to cross
- •Where it lands
- •Vel as seen from above

