## P1.1 - Uncertainty -

Any measurement or value in Physics will have an uncertainty. Here's how to estimate that uncertainty:

- Measuring with a ruler: The uncertainty is $\pm$ half the smallest division on the ruler. If you measure something that is 12.4 cm long with a ruler that has mm divisions, then your uncertainty is $\pm .5 \mathrm{~mm}$ or $\pm .05 \mathrm{~cm}$ so you would say $12.4 \pm .05 \mathrm{~cm}$
- Using a digital readout: The uncertainty is $\pm$ the last digit. If you have an ammeter that reads 1.56 Amps , it would be $1.56 \pm .01$ Amps.
- Multiple trials of something with random error: You could say that it is the average, $\pm$ range/2. If you did 3 trials for the rocket lab, and a rocket stayed up in the air for $5.23,5.25,5.12$, and 5.36 seconds, you could say that it is 5.24 (the average) $\pm 0.12$ (the range $/ 2$, i.e. (5.36-5.12)/2).

Directions: The answers are on the side. (Uncertainties should be rounded to 1 or 2 sig figs, and the number of decimal places in the answer should not exceed the limit of the uncertainty)

1. Adding or subtracting - the uncertainty of a sum or difference is the sum of the uncertainties
$25.2 \pm 0.7$
$13.1 \pm 0.2$
$23.12 \pm 0.01$
$24 \pm 2$
$21.3 \pm 0.5$
$6.87 \pm 0.03$
$+12.1 \pm 0.5$
$-16.25 \pm 0.02$
$+127 \pm 5$
$-21.1 \pm 0.1$
$151 \pm 7$
$0.2 \pm .6$ ??
2. Multiplying and/or dividing - if $\mathrm{y}=\mathrm{ab} / \mathrm{c}$, then $\Delta \mathrm{y} / \mathrm{y}=\Delta \mathrm{a} / \mathrm{a}+\Delta \mathrm{b} / \mathrm{b}+\Delta \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{c}$ ( $\Delta$ reads uncertainty of ) Round uncertainty to two sig figs.

| $31.6 \pm 3.8$ | $5.10 \pm 0.2$ | $3.12 \pm 0.05$ | $484 \pm 2$ | $137 \pm 9$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $3.59 \pm 0.15$ | $\underline{x} 6.20 \pm 0.5$ | $\underline{\times 1.15} \pm 0.03$ | $\div 12.0 \pm 1$ | $\div 1.78 \pm 0.05$ |

$40.3 \pm 3.5$
$77.0 \pm 7.2$
(These are easy - \% uncertainties are fractional uncertainties, so just add the \%)
$12 \% \quad 0$. What is the percent uncertainty of the area of a rectangle if the length is uncertain by $5 \%$, and the width by $7 \%$
$9 \% \quad 1$. What is the percent uncertainty of the volume of a cube if the sides each have a percent uncertainty of $3 \%$ ?
$15 \% \quad$ 2. A sphere has a radius with an uncertainty of $5 \%$, what is the percent uncertainty of the volume?
3. Powers - if $y=a^{n}$, then $\Delta y / y=|n \Delta a / a|$ ( $\Delta$ reads uncertainty of) Round uncertainty to two sig figs.

| $(12.6 \pm 1.2)^{2}$ | $(3.4 \pm .1)^{3}$ | $\sqrt{ }(16 \pm 3)$ | $\sqrt[3]{(343 \pm 31)}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $159 \pm 30$. | $39.3 \pm 3.5$ | $4.00 \pm .38 ?$ | $7.00 \pm 0.21$ |

## Word problems (the test inn't like these : - )

| $21.2 \pm 1.3 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ | 0 . A car goes $45 \pm .5 \mathrm{~m}$ in $2.12 \pm 0.11$ seconds. What is the speed of the car, and what is the uncertainty of the speed? |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & 14.7 \pm .8 \mathrm{~m}^{2} \\ & .77 ? \end{aligned}$ | 1. What is the area (with uncertainty) in square meters of a rectangular room that measures 3.5 x 4.2 m where both measurements have an uncertainty of .1 m ? |
| $140.4 \pm 6.0 \mathrm{~cm}$ | 2. A staircase has 12 steps, each one being $11.7 \pm .5 \mathrm{~cm}$ high. What is the total height of the staircase with uncertainty? (Add twelve together...) |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1.2 \pm 1.3 \mathrm{~cm} \\ & \text { Yes } \end{aligned}$ | 3. One board is $24.1 \pm .5 \mathrm{~cm}$ long, and another is $25.3 \pm .8 \mathrm{~cm}$ long. How much longer is the second than the first? Could the first possibly be longer? |
| $452.4 \pm 7.5 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ | 4. What is the area (with uncertainty) of a circle that is $12.0 \mathrm{~cm} \pm .1 \mathrm{~cm}$ in radius? (area $=\pi \mathrm{r}^{2}$ so that is $\pi \mathrm{xrxr}$ ) |
| $589 \pm 68 \mathrm{cc}$ | 5. A sphere has a radius of $5.2 \pm .2 \mathrm{~cm}$. What is its volume in cubic centimeters? ( $\mathrm{V}=4 / 3 \pi \mathrm{r}^{3}$ ) |

