**Net Force**

Show the solutions (i.e. your work) to these on a separate sheet of paper.

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| 33.3 N | 1. What is the weight of a 3.40 kg mass? |
| 73.5 kg | 2. What mass has a weight of 720. N? |
| .112 m/s/s | 3. Bob must exert 240. N of force on a 980. Kg car to move it at a constant speed along the ground. (The frictional force is 240. N) What is the acceleration of the car if he exerts a force of 350. N? |
| +3.5 m/s/s  -4.8 m/s/s | 4. What is the acceleration of a 6.0 Kg object hanging on a string that is under a tension of 80. N? What if the tension is 30. N? (Make the direction up positive) |
| 125 N | 5. What force is needed to accelerate a 60.0 Kg cart and rider from rest to 4.20 m/s in 2.50 seconds when the friction force is 24.0 N? |
| 2.6 kg | 6. What is the mass of a box that moves at a constant velocity along a surface with a force of 15 N, (The friction is 15 N) and accelerates at +4.2 m/s/s when you exert +26 N? |
| 1000 kg | 7. If you exert a force of 60. N on a car, it moves at a constant velocity. (i.e. there is a frictional force of 60. N) What is its mass if when you exert 80. N on it, it accelerates from rest to 2.0 m/s in 100. seconds? |
| 900. N | 8. A 60.0 Kg rocket accelerates upward from rest reaching a height of 23.4 m in 3.00 seconds. What must be the thrust of the engine? |
| 77 N | 9. It takes 45 N to make a 10. kg cart move at a constant speed. What force does it take to make the cart accelerate at 3.2 m/s/s in the direction it is moving? |
| 80. N  18 N | 10. What tension would accelerate a 5.0 Kg object suspended on a string upwards at 6.2 m/s/s? Downwards? |
| 11.24 N | 11. A 45.00 gram rocket accelerates upward from 0 to 12.00 m/s in .05000 seconds. What must be the thrust of the engines? |
| 1.2 kg | 12. A rocket has engines that produce 60. N of thrust. What is its mass if it accelerates upward at 40. m/s/s? |
| -2.33 m/s/s  +281 N | 13. A dog is pulling forward on a 215 kg sled that slows from +6.20 m/s to rest in a distance of 8.25 m. What is the deceleration of the sled? If the force of friction slowing the sled is 782 N, what force is the dog exerting in the direction the sled moves? |
| -7.83 m/s/s  -32.0 kN | 14. A 18,380 kg airplane slows from 48.1 m/s to rest in 6.14 seconds. What was its acceleration? If the engines generated 112 kN (112,000 N) of reverse thrust, how much air friction was acting against the plane as it slowed down? (this would be average) |
| -21.6 m/s  +72.6 m/s/s  +9730 N | 15. A drop tower has a 118 kg experiment that free falls from rest for 2.20 seconds, and strikes an airbag that slows it to rest in a distance of 3.20 m. With what velocity does the experiment strike the airbag? What is the upward acceleration as the experiment stops? What is the upward force acting on the experiment to stop it? |

Friction

Show the solutions (i.e. your work) to these on a separate sheet of paper.

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| 112 N | 1. What is the force of friction between a 95.0 kg block of ice and the ground if  = 0.120? |
| 0.507 | 2. What is the coefficient of static friction if it takes 34.0 N of force to move a box that has a mass of 6.84 kg? |
| 162 kg | 3. A box takes 350 N to start moving when the coefficient of static friction is 0.220 What is the mass of the box? |
| 8500 N  8.3 m/s/s  43.8 m | 4. A car has a mass of 1020 Kg and has a coefficient of friction between the ground and its tires of 0.85. What force of friction can it exert on the ground? What is the maximum acceleration of this car? In what minimum distance could it stop from 27 m/s? |
| 0.15 | 5. Clarice moves an 800. gram set of weights by applying a force of 1.2 N. What is the coefficient of friction? |
| 1155 kg | 6. A car has a coefficient of friction between the ground and its tires of 0.85. What is the mass of the car if it takes 9620 N of force to make it slide along the ground? |
| 7.35 N  1.53 m/s/s | 7. A 5.00 Kg block has a coefficient of friction of 0.150 on a flat surface. What force would make it slide at a constant speed along the surface? What is its acceleration if you exert a force of 15.0 N sideways on it when it is sliding in that direction? |
| 6.4 m/s/s  51 N  .52 | 8. A 10. Kg block is at rest on a level surface. It accelerates from rest to +51.2 m/s in 8.0 seconds when you exert a force of +115 N on it sideways. What is the acceleration of the block? What is the force of friction between the surface and the block, and what is the coefficient of friction? |
| 497 N | 9. A 120 Kg log sled accelerates at 1.4 m/s/s when a horse pulls on it. What force must the horse exert if the coefficient of friction between the ground and the sled is 0.28? |
| 1.23 kg | 10. You exert a force of +24 N sideways on an object and it accelerates from 0 - 12 m/s over a distance of +5.2 m. You know that the coefficient of friction between the object and the ground is 0.58, so what is its mass? |
| -5.29 m/s/s  1.87 m | 11. A 15.0 kg block of wood with a kinetic coefficient of 0.370 is sliding to the right at 4.45 m/s is stopped by friction and a force of 25.0 N to the left. What is its deceleration? In what distance does it stop? |
| -23.2 m/s/s  -25,900 N | 12. The 1835 kg Batmobile needs to stop from a speed of 48.2 m/s. Its tires have a coefficient of friction of 0.93 with the road, and Batman goes to full reverse thrusters on his jet engines. What would be his acceleration if he stopped in a distance of 50.0 m? What additional stopping force does he need to do this? |
| -8.40 m/s/s  -437 kN  0.500 | 13. An 89,320 kg airplane landing at 83.5 m/s must stop in a distance of 415 m. The engines can generate 313 kN of reverse thrust. What must be the deceleration of the airplane? What additional force of friction from the tires does the plane need to stop? What is the minimum coefficient of friction that must exist between the tires of the plane and the runway? |
| -5.75 m/s/s  -42.8 N (left) | 14. An 18.5 kg block of orthoclase chondritic basalt has a coefficient of 0.350 between it and the floor. It is sliding to the right at 6.72 m/s and stops in a distance of 3.93 m under the influence of friction, and another force. What is its deceleration? What is the magnitude and direction of this other force? |
| 4.9 m  -3.2 m/s/s  -9.4 N (to the left) | 15. An 8.12 kg block of wood is moving to the right with at 4.5 m/s. There is a coefficient of kinetic friction of 0.21 between the wood and the floor. If no other force acts along the ground, in what distance will the block stop? If the block stops sliding in 3.15 m. What is the acceleration of the block? What other force besides friction must be applied to the block? |